941. The following table gives the railway mileage in British possessions, together with the date of opening, number of persons and number of square miles of area to each mile of railway:—

RATT.W	VAV	VI P	RRITISH	POSSESSIONS.
TOTAL	LUI	O TT	DIGITAL	

Countries.	Date of Opening.	Miles of Railway.	Square Miles of Area to each Mile.
United Kingdom. India. Canada. Australasia (Total). New South Wales New Zealand Cape of Good Hope Victoria. Queensland South Australia Tasmania. Natal Ceylon Western Australia Jamaica. Mauritius. Newfoundland Trinidad Barbados. British Guiana Malta.	June 26, 1860. Sept. 14, 1854. July 31, 1865. April 16, 1856. Feb. 19, 1871. Oct. 1, 1865. Jan. 21, 1864. Nov. 21, 1845. May 13, 1862. Sept. 10, 1883. Sept. 1, 1864.	2,036 2,252 2,903 2,313 1,454 475 399 191 651 101 92 243 54	6 54 223 262 137 54 123 32 290 543 62 62 133 1,630 47 8 378 32 7 5,190 15

Canada, it will be seen, has 2,973 miles of railway more than all the Australasian colonies combined, and 5,484 miles more than the continent of Australia; but on the assumption that a railway only opens up country to the extent of about 20 miles on either side, there is yet a vast amount of country waiting for development, as, on that basis, there are only 612,800 square miles of this country within ordinary reach of railway facilities, not much more than one-sixth of the total area. In the Australasian colonies about one-seventh of the area has been thus developed.

942. The total railway mileage of the British Empire is 67,-227, which on the estimated area of 9,040,497\* square miles, gives an average of one mile of railway to every 135 square miles, and, on the assumption in the preceding paragraph, allows for rather more than one-fourth of the area of the whole Empire being within reach of railway accommodation.

<sup>\*</sup> Protectorates of Africa not included.